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BILL OF PARTICULARS



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Spring 1972

Law enrollment crunch hits IU School

The enrollment crunch which hit the nation's law schools in the 1960s is now being felt at the Indiana University School of Law in Bloomington, Acting Dean Douglass Boshkoff said Feb. 9 at the annual meeting of the I.U. Law Alumni Association. He said he expects an enrollment of 600 students at Bloomington next year. About 2,000 will apply for the 190 places in the first-year law class.

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Dean W. B. Harvey resigns; selection committee named

W. B. Harvey, dean of the School of Law, Bloomington, since 1966, submitted his resignation to Bloomington Chancellor Byrum E. Carter and the University Board of Trustees in November.

Harvey, who has been on leave of absence this year to teach at the Department of Law, University of Nairobi, Nairobi, Kenya, resigned only from his administrative position and retains his teaching appointments in the law school and Department of Political Science.

Douglass G. Boshkoff, associate dean, is continuing as acting dean until a

successor to Harvey is appointed by the Board of Trustees.

In Harvey's term as dean, he has supported reevaluation and alteration of the curriculum at all levels, encouraged the adoption of more seminar courses which allow law students exposure to special areas of the law, and brought to the faculty outstanding men and women with varied backgrounds in legal education and the practice of law, according to Boshkoff.

Harvey also played an active role on the Faculty Council of the Bloomington campus and has served the State of Indiana in various capacities, including membership on the Constitution Revision Commission.

Prof. Roland Stanger has been named chairman of the advisory committee on selection of a dean which has been appointed for the School of Law by Chancellor Carter.

Other law faculty members on the committee are Val Nolan, Jr., William D. Popkin, A. Dan Tarlock, and Edward F. Sherman.

Representatives from the profession in the state are Jesse Eschbach, BS'43, JD'49, of Warsaw, former University trustee and current judge of the U.S. District Court, Northern District; Thomas M. Lofton, BS'51, JD'54, of Indianapolis, a district director of the School of Law Alumni Association, and William S. Gordon, BS'34, of Huntington, vice president of the Indiana State Bar Association.

Law students on the committee are Carolyn Abron of Memphis, Tenn., and Michael R. Fruehwald, of Lafayette.

Faculty members from outside the law school on the committee are John D. Donnell, chairman of business law and professor of business administration, and Karl F. Schuessler, professor of sociology.



Saul I. Ruman, BS'49, JD'52, (seated) of Hammond was elected president of the School of Law Alumni Association at its annual meeting in Indianapolis Feb. 9. Other officers are (From left) Treasurer Len E. Bunger, Jr., BS'43, JD'49, Bloomington; Past President George B. Gavit, JD'53, Indianapolis, and Secretary James B. Sparks, BS'49, LLB(JD)'51, Bloomfield.

Student probation officers help county juvenile court

(Reprinted from the *Indiana Daily Student*.)

Eight I.U. law students are assisting the Monroe County Juvenile Court as deputy probation officers, working primarily with juvenile offenders.

Dan Hopson, professor of law and program supervisor, said the program is probably the only one like it in the nation. As legal officers of the juvenile court, the students receive course credits instead of a salary.

The program is part of course work in a special law school clinic on the juvenile court system. Before joining the program, students must take two courses in preparation: "Juvenile Court Problems," and "Behavioral and Social Aspects of the Criminal Justice Process."

In Juvenile Court Problems the students examine the considerable volume of new law brought about by recent U.S. Supreme Court holdings that juveniles are entitled to most of the Constitutional rights of adults in juvenile delinquency proceedings and examine procedural and substantive provisions of typical Juvenile Codes. In the Aspects course students examine psychological and sociological theories explaining delinquency and crime and take a hard look at the courts as agencies for treatment and rehabilitation.

Each student probation officer is responsible for one to three juveniles. Robert Lewis described his job: "We have a lot of discretion. If our kids get into trouble, we have a general idea of the cause, and the problems involved. It's up to us to assess the situation. We can decide whether it would be better to continue the kid on probation or get him more help — such as boys school and so on."

Tom McDonald, BS'59, LLB(JD)'62, Juvenile Court Referee, who actually hears and makes recommendations on juvenile cases in Monroe County, praises the program. He said the relative closeness of age between the juvenile offender and the student probation officer makes things much easier.

"Plus, the student officers possibly understand the kids a little better," McDonald suggested. He also said the students add greatly to a "slightly staffed" probation department, enabling offenders to receive more individual attention.

Kathleen Hoehn has two teenage girls under her supervision in the program. She said the relative lack of time available to spend with "her girls"

is frustrating. "It's impossible to give these kids help just overnight," she said.

"I finally had to sort of limit my goals," she continued. "I just have to try to help them (the girls) learn to cope with their environment."

Phillip Shea, another student participant in the program, rated the required preparation for the program as excellent. After taking the introductory courses for the clinic, he said he went into the program "well informed." Lewis concurred, saying the two introductory courses taught by Hopson and Phyllida Parsloe gave participants "very adequate" preparation.

Hopson originated the program in 1955, while on the faculty at the University of Kansas. There his program won recognition from the Western Electric Corp. for being "innovative."

Survey women grads

Two women law students are mailing questionnaires to women graduates of the Bloomington School of Law to determine what they are doing and what their interests are. The results of the questionnaire will assist current women students to prepare themselves for legal careers, reveal the level of discrimination that is present against women lawyers, and provide names of potential women faculty and students.

Clarine Nardi Riddle and Maggie Shaffer are student coordinators for the project. They hope to complete the survey by May. They will send the results to each person who has responded to the questionnaire and provide a directory of all respondents.

The results will also be published in a future issue of the *Bill of Particulars*.

Boshkoff explains 'crunch' to alumni at annual meeting

(Continued from page 1)

The American Bar Association (ABA) is predicting a 30 percent increase in law school applications next year, but at Bloomington the increase is expected to be 60 percent, Boshkoff said. He said the upward trend took a substantial jump at IU during the past two years.

Enrollment in the School of Law last semester was 580. Boshkoff said there is a very low attrition rate among law students. He commented:

"Hardly anyone flunks out of law school any more. They may drop out for financial reasons or simply because they decide they don't like law. This is because we are highly selective in admitting students. We admit those who have high academic potential and who are highly motivated."

Boshkoff gave these reasons for the increase in law school applications:

—The general increase in the number of college graduates.

—Women and members of minority groups are applying in greater numbers.

—College students today see the study of law as a way of effecting social change.

—There is a bad market for Ph.D.

holders and some students are choosing a law degree instead of the Ph.D.

—Some law students left school for military service and now are returning to their law studies.

The number of college graduates is supposed to taper off in 1980, Boshkoff said. If this is true, then it's likely the law schools will reflect this leveling off.

The I.U. School of Law at Bloomington is operating at over normal capacity of 550, and the Law Library is straining to meet student and faculty needs, Boshkoff said. He believes a significant increase in the number of students admitted would hurt the quality of the program now offered.

Legal education today is much more complicated than it was a decade or two ago, Boshkoff believes. He pointed out that law schools have to train students for a variety of roles.

"There's just not one model of a lawyer," Boshkoff said. "We have people going out to do all sorts of legal work. They go to small towns and to big city law firms. They go into government and with banks and insurance companies. Some go back home and run the family business."

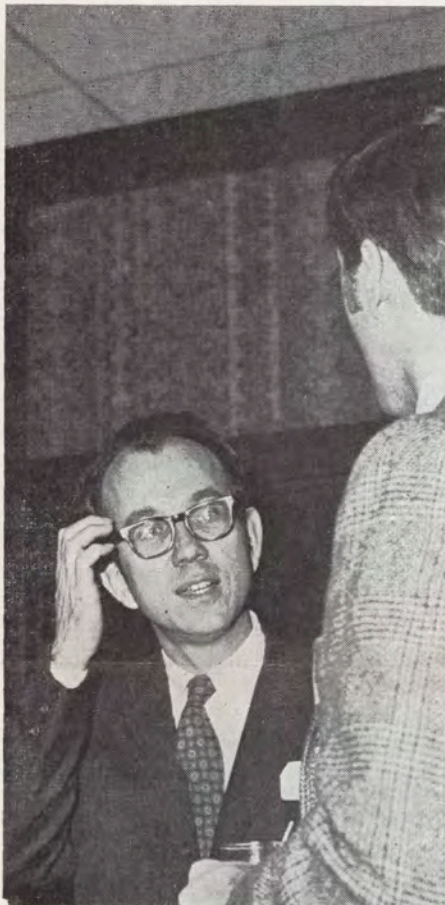
Law Alumni Annual Meeting 1972



Assistant Dean Nicholas White, who joined the faculty in 1970, visits with Donald D. Doxsee, AB'60, LLB (JD) '63, of Grabill.



Carl D. Overman, BS'49, JD'52 (left) of Indianapolis, represents law school alumni on the Executive Council of the IU Alumni Association. He is talking with Frank B. Jones, alumni secretary, and Leon Wallace, former dean.



Acting Dean Douglass G. Boshkoff was the answer man of the evening, as he responded to questions of about 75 law alumni during the reception and after his speech.



Law classes of the 60s were well represented at the Annual Meeting. Included were (left to right) William R. Riggs, JD'63, Indianapolis; Thomas E. Freuchtenicht, BS'62, JD'65, Ft. Wayne; Philip R. Terrill, BS'62, LLB(JD)'65, Ft. Wayne, and Thomas Ridley Lemon, BS'63, JD'66, Warsaw.